Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for controlling the rate of release of a biologically active protein within a living organism comprising the step of making a biodegradable preparation by adding the protein to a completely biodegradable blend of about 95 to 5% by weight of a homopolymer of ε-caprolactone and about 5 to about 95% by weight of a crystallization modifier selected from the group consisting of crystalline fatty acids and crystalline esters of fatty acids which that are saturated C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols; wherein the biodegradable preparation is in solid form outside the living organism.
- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the crystallization modifier is crystalline esters or fatty acids which that are saturated C_{12} -C18 fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 2 wherein the polyhydric alcohols are selected from the group consisting of glycerol, ethylene glycol and propylene glycol.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 3 wherein the polyhydric alcohol is glycerol monostearate.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of enzyme, peptide and antibody.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising lyophilizing a solution containing the protein before adding the protein to the blend.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the protein is added in the amount ranging from about 1% to about 60% by weight of the blend.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 7 wherein the protein is added in the amount ranging from about 10% to about 40% by weight of the blend.

- 9. (currently amended) A method for controlling the rate of release of a biologically active protein within a living organism comprising the step of making a biodegradable preparation by adding the protein to a completely biodegradable blend of about 95 to 5% by weight of a copolymer of at least 80% by weight ε-caprolactone and corresponding remainder weight of another absorbable monomer; and about 5 to about 95% by weight of a crystallization modifier selected from the group consisting of crystalline fatty acids and crystalline esters of fatty acids which that are saturated C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols; wherein the biodegradable preparation is in solid form outside the living organism.
- 10. (currently amended) A completely biodegradable preparation providing extended release of a biologically active protein within a living organism comprising an effective amount of the protein in a blend of about 95 to 5% by weight of a homopolymer of ε-caprolactone and about 5 to about 95% by weight of a crystallization modifier selected from the group consisting of crystalline fatty acids and crystalline esters of fatty acids which that are saturated C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols; wherein the biodegradable preparation is in solid form outside the living organism.
 - 11. (original) The preparation of claim 10 wherein the protein is an enzyme.
 - 12. (original) The preparation of claim 11 wherein the enzyme is alkaline phosphatase.
 - 13. (original) The preparation of claim 10 wherein the protein is a peptide.
 - 14. (original) The preparation of claim 13 wherein the peptide is leuprolide acetate.
 - 15. (original) The preparation of claim 10 wherein the protein is an antibody.
 - 16. (original) The preparation of claim 15 wherein the antibody is anti-EM.
- 17. (original) The preparation of claim 10 wherein the crystallization modifier is crystalline esters of fatty acids which are saturated C_{12} - C_{18} fatty acid esters of polyhydric

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alcohols.

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- 18. (original) The preparation of claim 17 wherein the polyhydric alcohols are selected from the group consisting of glycerol, ethylene glycol and propylene glycol.
- 19. (original) The preparation of claim 18 wherein the polyhydric alcohol is glycerol monostearate.
- 20. (original) The preparation of claim 10 wherein the homopolymer of ε -caprolactone is present in the amount ranging from about 70% to about 30% by weight of the blend and the crystallization modifier is present in the amount ranging from about 30% to about 70% by weight of the blend.
- 21. (original) The preparation of claim 20 wherein the homopolymer of ε-caprolactone and the crystallization modifier are each about 50% by weight of the blend.
- 22. (currently amended) A completely biodegradable preparation providing extended release of a biologically active protein within a living organism comprising an effective amount of the protein in a blend of about 95 to 5% by weight of a copolymer of at least 80% by weight of ε-caprolactone and corresponding remainder weight of another absorbable monomer; and about 5 to about 95% by weight of a crystallization modifier selected from the group consisting of crystalline fatty acids and crystalline esters of fatty acids which that are saturated C₁₂-C₁₈ fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols; wherein the biodegradable preparation is in solid form outside the living organism.
- 23. (new) A biodegradable preparation providing extended release of a biologically active protein comprising an effective amount of the protein in a blend of about 95 to 5% by weight of a homopolymer of ε -caprolactone and about 5 to about 95% by weight of a crystallization modifier selected from the group consisting of crystalline fatty acids and crystalline esters of

fatty acids that are saturated C_{12} - C_{18} fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols; wherein the homopolymer has a molecular weight range from 15,000 to 100,000.